Testing the Strength of a Password

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Overview

Passwords are required almost anywhere, so that lazy users tend to choose simple passwords which are easy to break. The **PasswordStrength** control in the ASP.NET AJAX Control Toolkit can check how good a password is.

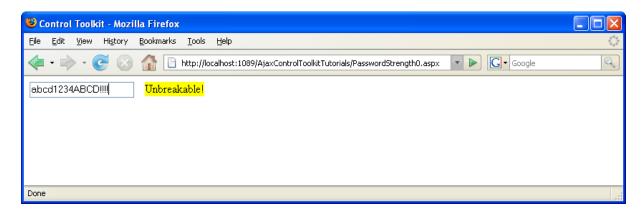
Steps

The **PasswordStrength** control extends a text box and checks whether the password in it is "good enough". It offers a wealth of options via attributes; here are just some of them:

- **MinimumNumericCharacters**—minimum number of numeric characters required in the password
- **MinimumSymbolCharacters**—minimum number of symbol characters (not letters and digits) required in the password
- **PreferredPasswordLength**—minimum length of the password
- **RequiresUpperAndLowerCaseCharacters**—whether the password needs to use both uppercase and lowercase characters

The **StrengthIndicatorType** provides the information how to present the strength of the password, as text (value **"Text"**) or as a kind of progress bar (value **"BarIndicator"**). In the **DisplayPosition** attribute, you configure where the information appears. Here is a complete example, including the ASP.NET AJAX **ScriptManager** control, the **PasswordStrength** control and of course a text box where the user may enter a password. For the sake of demonstration, the latter form field is a regular text field and not a password field so that you can see during development what you are typing.

Run the page and type away: Only after you have entered lowercase letters, uppercase letters, digits and symbols, the password is deemed as "unbreakable".



Now the password is (quite) good