

MBL331

平板电脑软件开发工具集概述

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议程

- 平板电脑与Windows® XP平板电脑版
- 平板电脑平台及SDK概述
- 面向对象模型介绍
- 平台控件和组件
- 识别器使用与开发
- 1.7版本平台SDK的新功能
- 平板电脑使用开发资源

平板电脑 (Tablet PC)

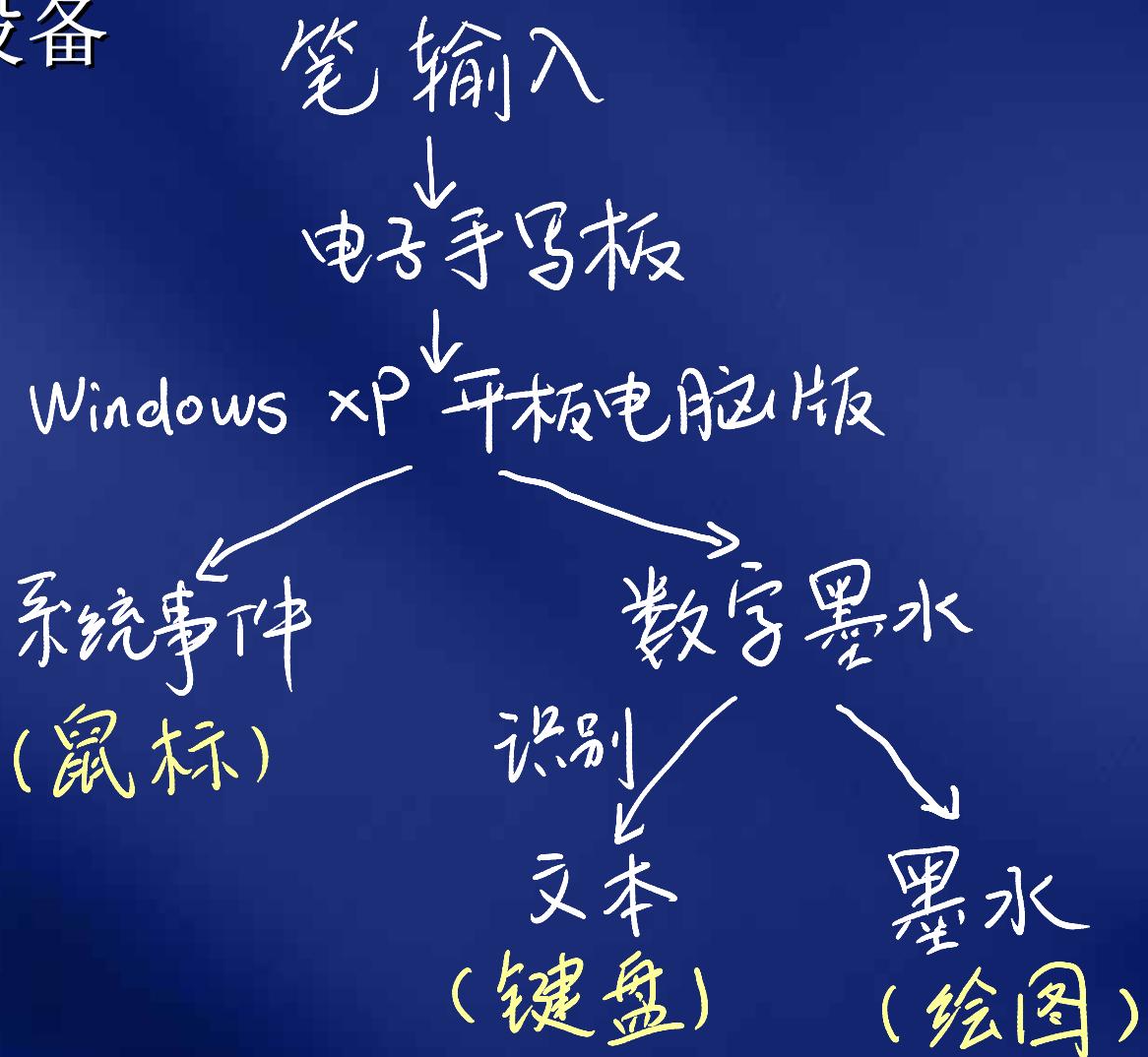
- 笔记本电脑的进化
- 先进节能管理, 内置无线网卡, 轻便灵活
- 双用型和纯平板型, 双向显示

Windows® XP平板电脑版

- Windows® XP专业版(Pro)的扩展
- 数字笔、墨和语音技术
- 强大的基于笔墨的开发环境

平板电脑核心技术

- 笔作为输入设备
- 数字墨水
- 手写体识别





Vision

Most mobile PCs will be **INK** enabled
within 5 years



FY03

FY05

FY06 and beyond



"Vista"

2005

RTM Aug 2002

The evolution of the
notebook PC

RTM H1 2004

Usability and
recognition
improvements

RTM 2006

The mainstream mobile computer

平板电脑平台概述

- 三个主要功能域
 - 数字墨水采集（输入）
 - 数字墨水数据和管理
 - 数字墨水识别
- 数字墨水驱动
 - 数字墨水作为可视对象
 - 数字墨水作为数据类型

数字墨水采集 (输入)

- 电子书写板 (digitizer) 基本特点
 - 非常高的数据密度和数据量
 - 数据包特性
 - X, Y
 - 压力, 角度, 旋转度, 等等 ...
- 使用API来采集数字墨水
 - 数字墨水采集器 (InkCollector)
 - 数字墨水覆盖 (InkOverlay)
 - 实时硬笔RealTimeStylus (1.7才有新对象)

数字墨水数据和管理

- 数字墨水是一种数据类型
- 多种存放格式
- 数字墨水外形美观
 - 基于向量
 - Bezier平滑变换
 - Anti-aliased
 - 可更改绘制属性
- 丰富，可扩展API
- 复制/剪贴于剪贴板

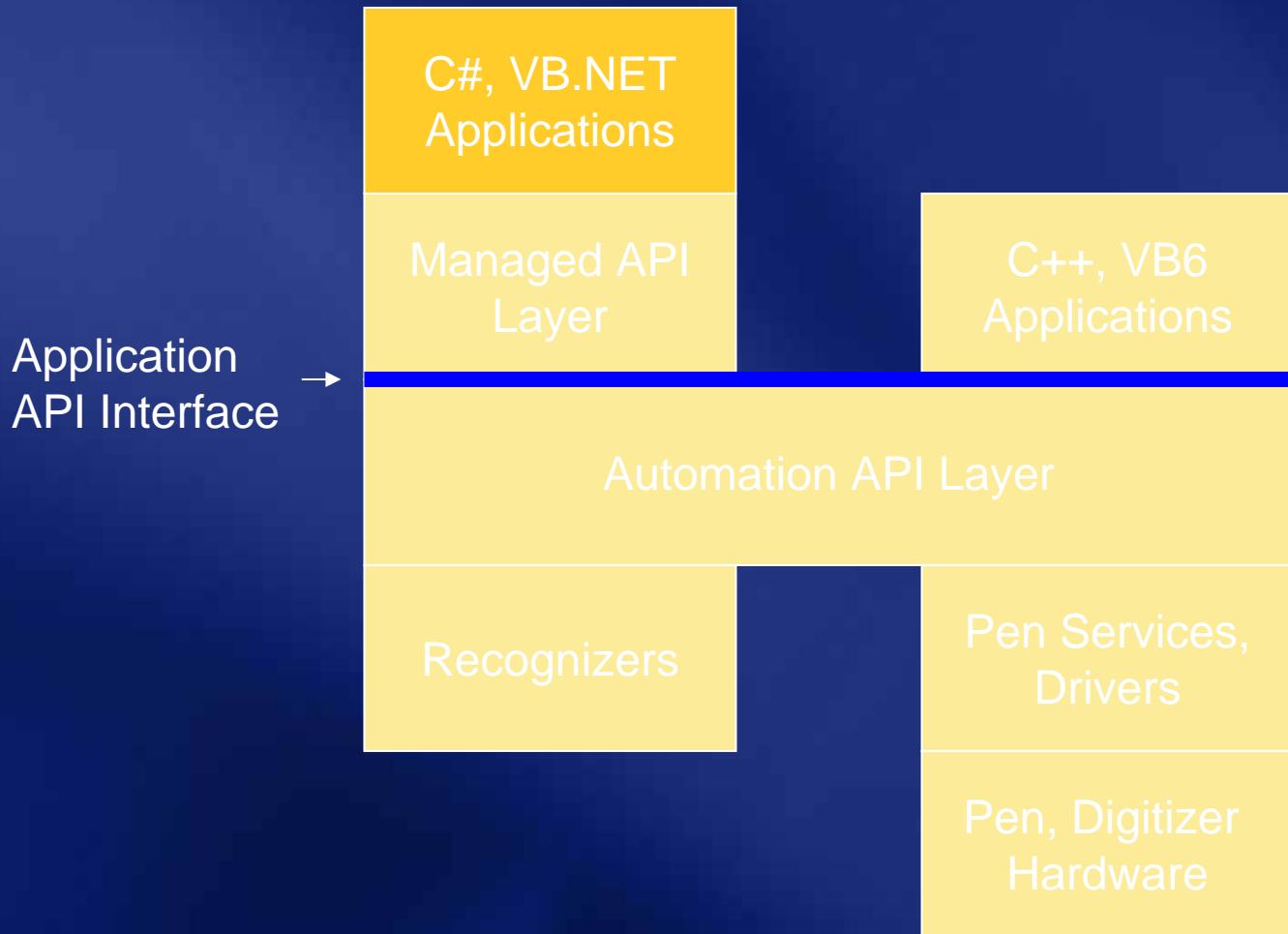
数字墨水识别

- 将笔的运动和/或笔划解释成
 - 文字
 - 笔势
 - 图形和符号
- 目前支持的语种
 - 中（简体/繁体），日，朝鲜
 - 英（US / UK），德，法，意大利，西班牙
- 同步和异步识别
- 识别器构架设计
 - 便利第三方识别器的开发

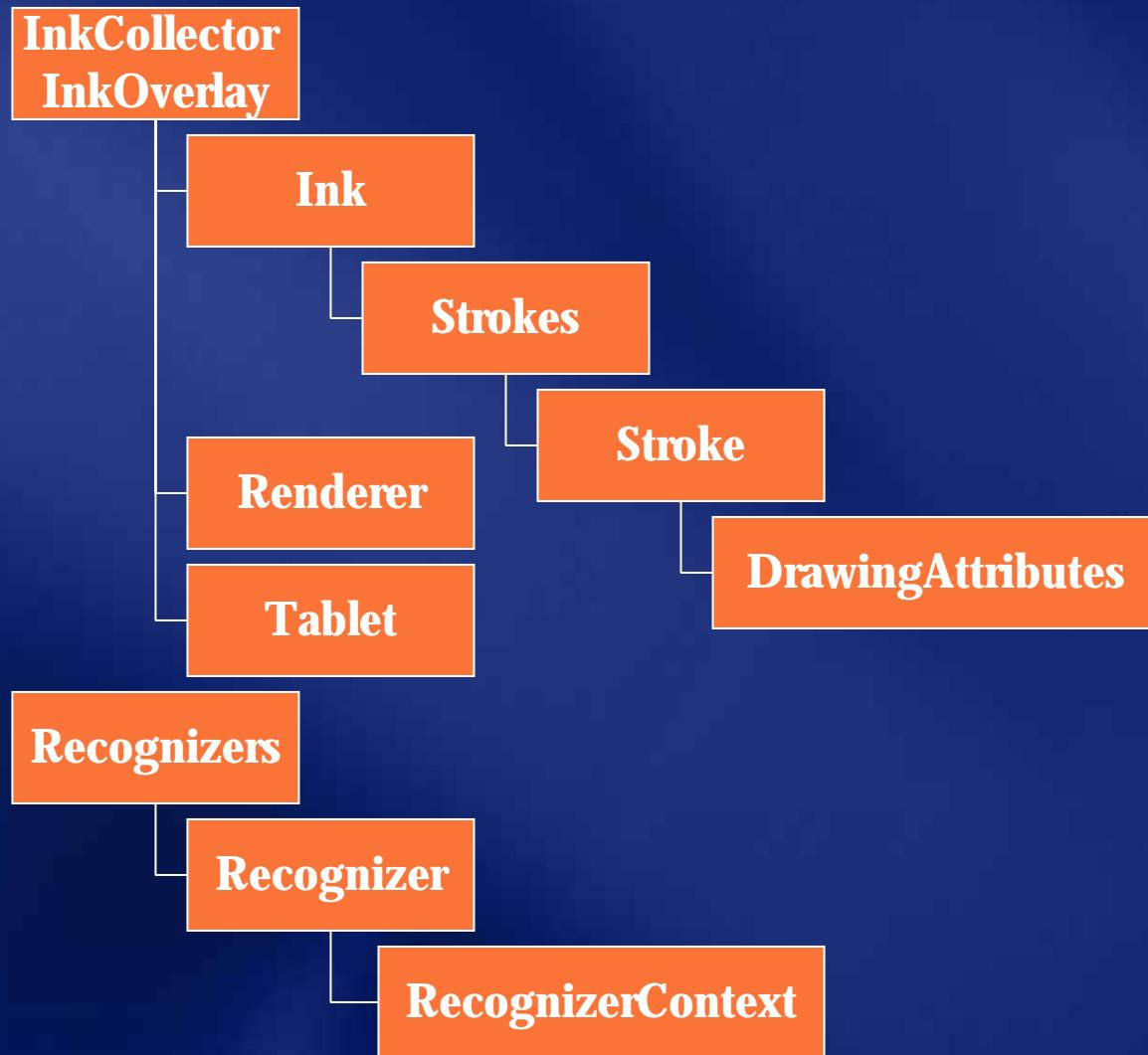
平板电脑平台SDK

- 两组APIs
 - Automation (COM) API
 - 双重界面
 - 事件机制基于IDispatch回叫
 - Managed (.NET) API
 - 包在COM API
- 数字墨水控件
 - 数字墨水编辑 (InkEdit)
 - 数字墨水图形 (InkPicture)
- 帮助文本和范例

SDK API Overview



面向对象模型介绍



几个关键对象

- 数字墨水采集
 - 数字墨水采集器 InkCollector
 - 数字墨水覆载 InkOverlay
 - 数字墨水采集事件
- 数字墨水数据管理
 - 数字墨水 Ink
 - 笔划集 Strokes
 - 笔划 Stroke
 - 绘制属性 DrawingAttributes
 - 描绘者 Renderer
 - 数字墨水数据管理事件
- 数字墨水识别
 - 识别器语言环境 RecognizerContext
 - 识别结果 RecognitionResult

数字墨水采集对象

数字墨水采集器 InkCollector

- 负责采集数字墨水的最高层对象之一
- 可赋予任意一个视窗句柄(handle)
- 处理所有书写板和鼠标对此句柄的输入
- 载转光标移动情况
- 采集模式属性(CollectionMode)
 - 数字墨水 (InkOnly)
 - 笔势语 (GestureOnly)
 - 数字墨水和笔势语 (InkAndGesture)

数字墨水覆载 InkOverlay

- 数字墨水采集器的扩展
- 编辑模式属性 (EditMode)
 - 采集
 - 删除
 - 选择
- 擦除模式属性 (EraserMode)
 - 笔划擦除
 - 点擦除

数字墨水采集事件

- 光标进入/离开范围 Cursor (In/OutOf) Range
- 新空中数据包 NewInAirPackets
- 光标按下 CursorDown
- 新数据包 NewPackets
- 笔划 Stroke
- 笔势语 Gesture
- 系统笔势语 SystemGesture
- 鼠标 Mouse

数字墨水数据对象

数字墨水 (Ink)

- 包含
 - 笔划数据
 - 元资料数据
 - 语言环境相关信息
- 控制各种形式的存储
- 可由扩展属性集 (ExtendedProperties) 扩展

笔划 (Stroke)

- 代表一个笔划
 - 包含一次笔按下, 笔移动, 笔抬起的过程中采集的所有数据
- 扩展属性集(ExtendedProperties)–允许应用程序添加特有用户数据
- 绘制属性集(DrawingAttributes)–控制笔划的描绘
- 丰富API
 - 数据包大小, 数据包包数, 数据包描述
 - Bezier点集, 连续折线波点, 自相交节点

笔划集 (Strokes)

- 笔划对象引用的集合
- 包含ICollection, IEnumerable界面的实现
- 将相关笔划组合在一起
 - 用于识别-设置RecognizerContext. Strokes属性
 - 用于转换-元数据

绘制者 (Renderer)

- 平板电脑存在两套坐标
 - 设备坐标
 - 数字墨水坐标 (HIMETRIC)
- 绘制者
 - 两套坐标间转换关系
 - 描绘程式
 - 转换程式
 - 支持数据对象和视图之间的转换
 - 帮助程式：缩放，平移，旋转

数字墨水数据事件

- 数字墨水加入 (InkAdded) 事件在以下情形发生：
 - 一个笔划对象加入一个数字墨水对象
 - 数字墨水在点擦除模式下有擦除发生
- 数字墨水删除 (InkDeleted) 事件在以下情形发生：
 - 一个笔划对象被从一个数字墨水对象删除
 - 数字墨水在笔划擦除模式下有擦除发生

剪贴板的支持

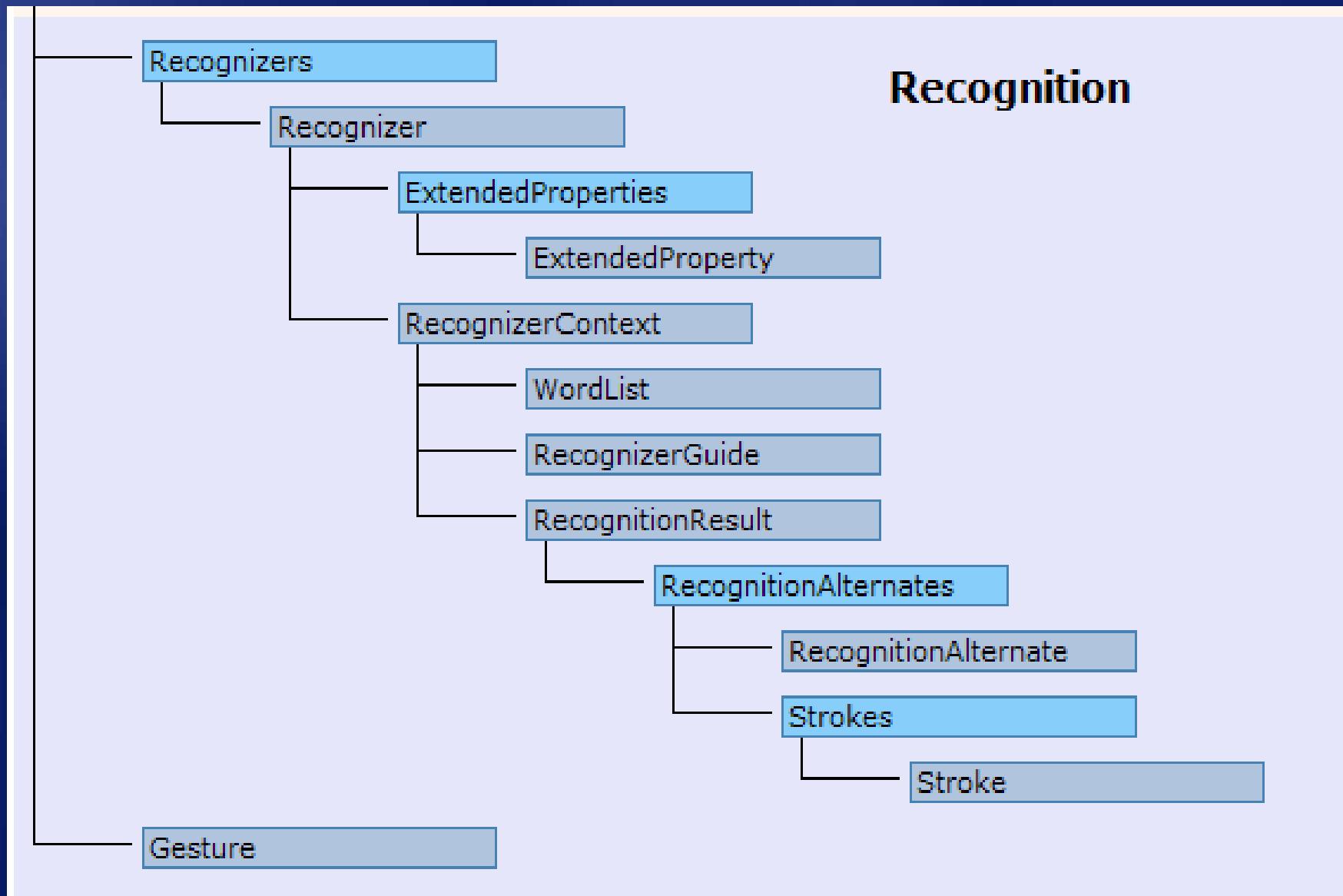
- 使用数字墨水API复制/剪贴
 - ClipboardCopy
 - ClipboardPaste
- 支持多种文本格式
 - ISF—电子墨水存放格式 (Ink Serialized Format)
 - 超文本标记语言 (HTML)
 - 位图文件 (Bitmap), 元文件 (Metafile)
- 应用程序可任一上述格式和剪贴板对话

数字墨水采集和处理

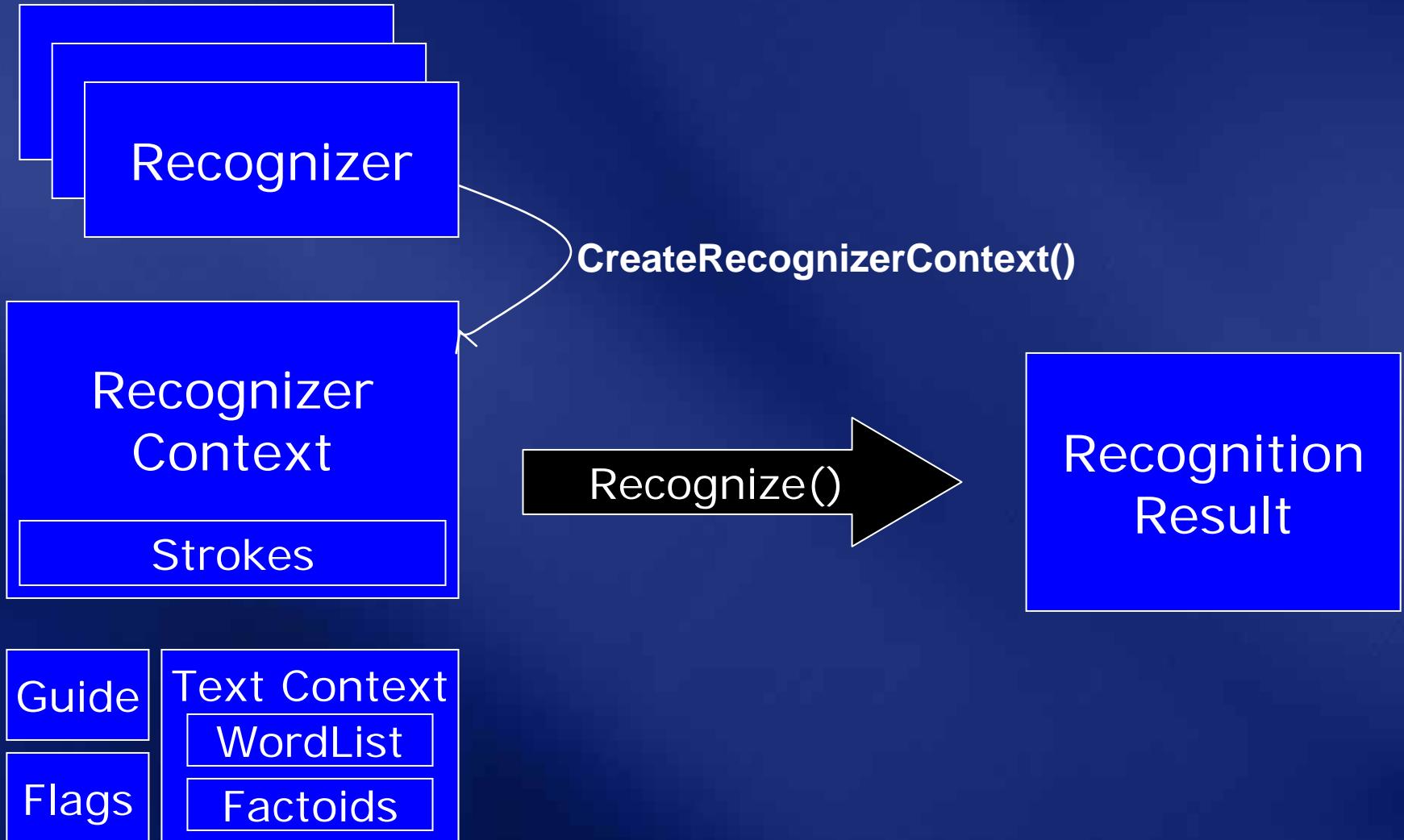
demo

数字墨水识别对象

Recognition API Objects



Recognition Objects



识别器Recognizer

- A Recognizer object is a property bag that represents the capabilities of a given handwriting recognizer
- Most calls are quick registry lookups
- The Recognizer object is used to create a RecognizerContext (which does the actual work)

识别器语言环境

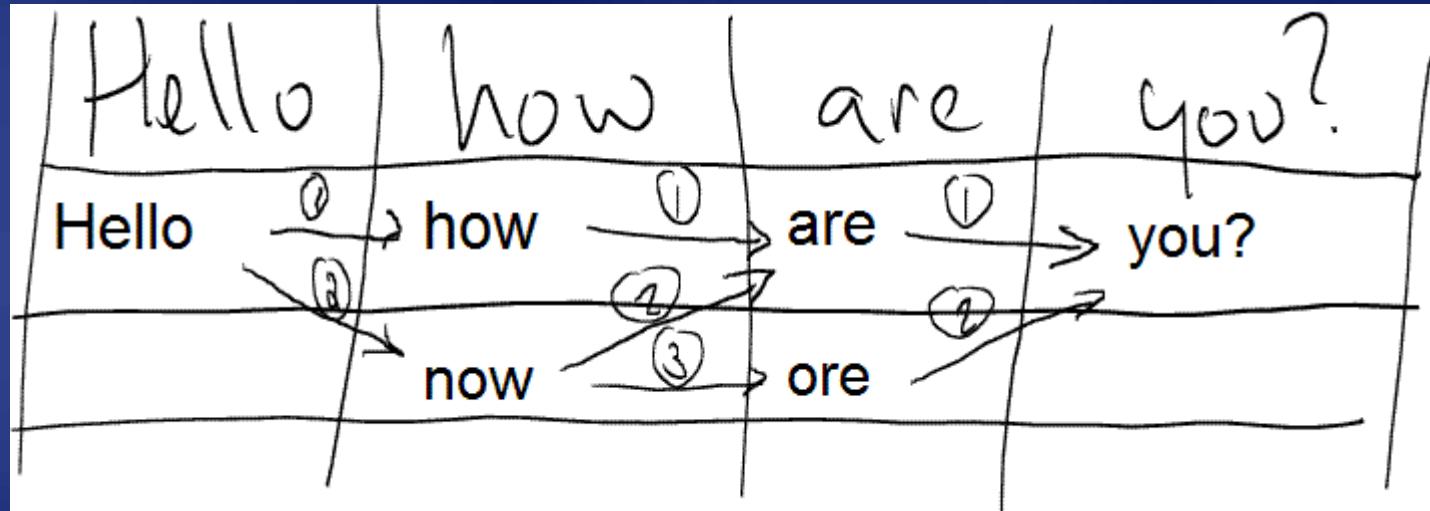
RecognizerContext

- 赋予识别器一个特定的语言环境
 - Guide
 - Factoid
- 支持识别一组笔划
 - 同步（前台）识别
 - 异步（后台）识别
 - 包含以下事件
 - 识别
 - 带选择的识别
- 提供识别结果和候选结果

识别结果(RecognitionResult)

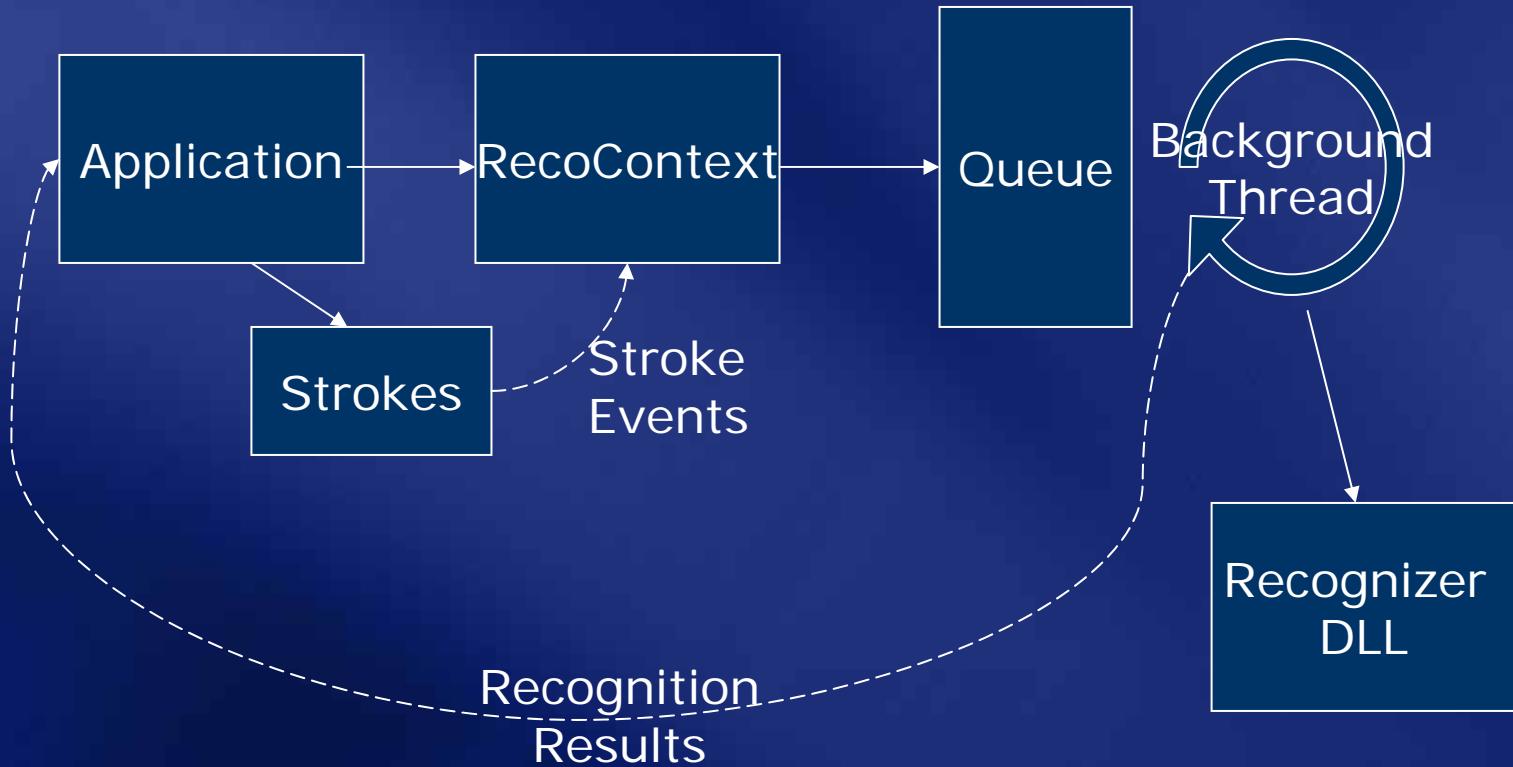
- 识别器返回一套数据结构
 - 每个结构是一个格子“lattice”
 - 格子完整复制给识别结果和其它对象
- 顶端字符串(TopString)属性
- 包含于笔划集并被加入成为数字墨水的用户笔划属性(Ink. CustomStrokes)
 - SetResultOnStrokes 程式
- 识别候选集(RecognitionAlternates)
 - GetAlternatesFromSelection 程式
 - 提供候选(不同)格子的路径

RecognitionResult Structure



- Paths of one or more segment through the result's lattice are called RecognitionAlternates
- Each RecognitionAlternate contains information that relates to the related strokes for the contained segments
 - Strokes, Line, Confidence, Text, etc...
- The best path through the lattice determines how the strokes relate to the text
 - GetAlternatesFromSelection uses this text

Overview of Internal Recognition Architecture



数字墨水识别

demo

平台控件和组件

平台控件

- 数字墨水编辑 (InkEdit)
 - 象文本编辑一样处理数字墨水
 - 用于文本和数字墨水至文本场合
 - 适用于聪明表格
 - 覆盖RichEdit控件
 - Win32, .NET, ActiveX版本
- 数字墨水图形 (InkPicture)
 - 将数字墨水附加于图像上 (.jpg, .bmp, .png, .gif)
 - 采集和存放数字墨水 (没有损失)
 - 覆盖PictureBox控件, 和InkOverlay相近
 - .NET and ActiveX版本

平台组件

- 笔输入板 (PenInputPanel)
 - PIP提供编程支持(v 1.5)
 - 可联通于任意视窗句柄或控件
 - TIP的基本控件 (Lonestar)
 - 启用 / 停止使用, 等等.
 - 应向前兼容性要求
- 划分者 (InkDivider)
 - 把数字墨水划分成字词, 行, 段落和图形
 - 转换有倾角的数字墨水

数字墨水划分和划分者组件

demo

1. 7平台中的新功能

语言环境

- 什么是语言环境?
 - 您提供给识别程序的应用程序特有的信息
 - 限制识别的规则和可能性
 - 极大提高识别准确率
- 语言环境信息的例子
 - Factoids: `recoContext.Factoid = "(!IS_DATE)";`
 - 字词表
 - 常规表达(regular expressions)的客户输入范围
- Lonestar中使用语言环境的程序
 - Internet Explorer (Address Bar)
 - Outlook 2003 (To:, Cc:, Bcc:)

无数字墨水支持控件的语言环境支持

- SetInputScope API (新的 WIN32 API)
 - 低层次编程解决方法
 - 需要重编译执行码
 - 已经有 .NET 开发的白皮书
- 语言环境标签工具
 - 无编程需要
 - 无须改变现有执行码
 - 能将输入范围/区域关系连同 XML 宣示存储

硬笔输入APIs

- 直接接触电子书写板数据流
 - 实时处理数据包数据
 - 隔离实时采集和用户输入线程
 - 得到比InkOverlay, InkEdit更好的效率, 等等.
- 制作客户组件
 - 实时数字墨水组件
 - 客户动态描绘 (比如说, 利用硬件加速)
 - 客户笔势语识别
 - 特定范围暂停(WindowInputRectangle属性)
 - 数字墨水采集组件
 - 客户InkOverlay或InkCollector组件

其它改进

- 数字墨水的处理
 - 用完整数据包描述来产生笔划
- HTTP用户代理
 - 现在确认平板电脑OS和SDK版本
- 改进SDK帮助文本
 - 许多新内容，范例，等等...

语言环境标签工具

demo

开发环境

- 在非平板电脑上的安装
 - 在Win2K SP3以上OS可装SDK
 - 在非平板电脑硬件上装WinXP Tablet PC Edition OS
 - Microsoft Virtual PC
 - 可从MSDN下载
 - MSDN: SDK
 - MSDN订户下载: OS
- 模拟电子书写板
 - 外接HID电子书写板
 - 鼠标 (UseMouseForInput属性)

发布您的平板电脑应用程序

- 再分发模块
- 注意事项
 - 识别
 - 带/不带电子书写板的数字墨水采集
 - PIP和TIP
 - 不支持Win9X平台

平板电脑使用及开发资源

- <http://www.microsoft.com/windowsxp/tabletpc/default.mspx>
- <http://msdn.microsoft.com/mobile/tabletpc/default.aspx>
- <http://www.tabletpcpartners.com>
- *Building Tablet PC Applications* by Rob Jarrett and Philip Su, Microsoft Press

Tablet PC Developer Center

- The latest technical articles
- Downloads
- Developer resources
- Regular columns



- Newsgroups
- Featured partners
- and more.....

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Tablet PC Developer Center homepage. The title bar reads "Tablet PC Development Center - Home Page - Microsoft Internet Explorer". The main content area features a "Welcome to the Tablet PC Developer Center" message and several promotional banners:

- "Down Your Mobile Application Think In Ink?"
- "Join us at TechEd in San Diego, May 22-26"
- "Visual Studio"

On the right side, there's a "Featured Partner" section for "agilix", which includes a brief description and a link to their site. Below that is a "Progress Links" sidebar with links to various Microsoft developer sites like MSDN, TechNet, and the Windows Platform Center. The bottom of the page has a "Recent Articles" section with links to "Using Recognition Allocations", "BarcodeAndBarcode.NET", and "FAQ About Developers Software for the Tablet PC".

Community Resources

Attend a free chat or web cast

<http://www.microsoft.com/communities/chats/default.mspx>

<http://www.microsoft.com/usa/webcasts/default.asp>

List of newsgroups

<http://communities2.microsoft.com/communities/newsgroups/en-us/default.aspx>

MS Community Sites

<http://www.microsoft.com/communities/default.mspx>

Locate Local User Groups

<http://www.microsoft.com/communities/usergroups/default.mspx>

Community sites

<http://www.microsoft.com/communities/related/default.mspx>

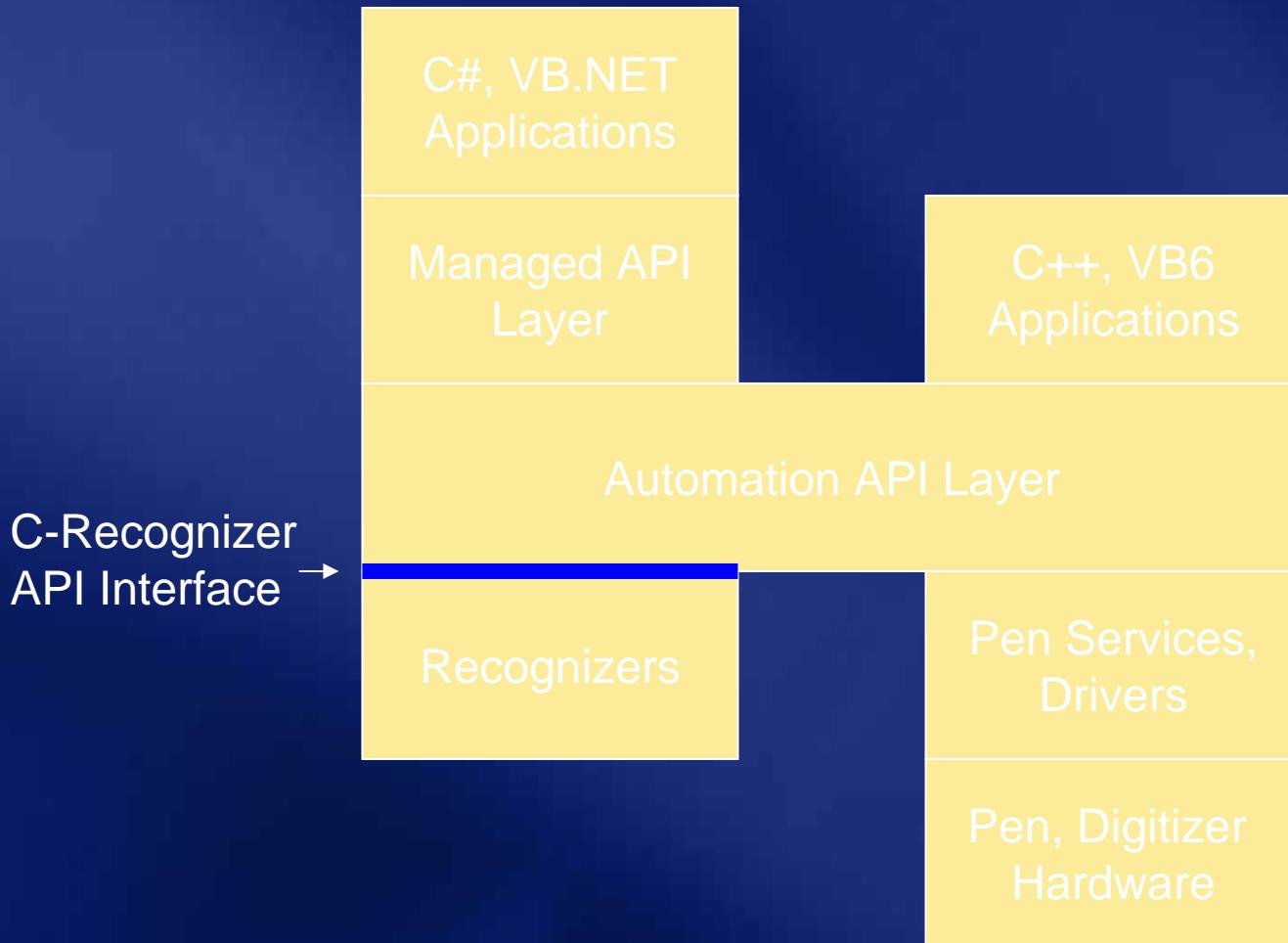
Appendix

- If time permits, I'll present the following material:
 - How to develop your own recognizer and port it to Tablet PC Platform

TabletPC Handwriting Recognizers

- Recognition API on Recognizers

Platform Overview



MS Buzzwords: Automation API, Managed API

Recognizer API

- C API
- Simple API for implementing a recognizer
- Automation / Managed layers provide a friendly API to application programmers – recognizer authors don't have to deal with that.

Objects in API

- Recognizer
 - RecoContext
 - Lattice
 - WordList
- 
- Not needed for
Automation / Managed
Layers

Pseudo-Code Calling Sequence

1. hrec = CreateRecognizer()
2. hrc = CreateContext(hrec)
3. AddStroke(hrc, ink)
4. EndInkInput(hrc)
5. ptr = GetLatticePtr(hrc)
6. DestroyContext(hrc)
7. DestroyRecognizer(hrec)

Recognizer Object

This object represents the recognizer for a particular language.

- `HRESULT CreateRecognizer(CLSID *pCLSID, HRECOGNIZER *phrec)`
 - Create an instance of a recognizer specified by a CLSID
- `HRESULT DestroyRecognizer(HRECOGNIZER hrec)`
 - Destroy instance of recognizer
- `HRESULT GetRecoAttributes(HRECOGNIZER hrec, RECO_ATTRS *pRecoAttrs)`
 - Get information about the recognizer: friendly name, vendor name, languages and modes supported
- `HRESULT GetResultPropertyList(HRECOGNIZER hrec, ULONG *pPropertyCount, GUID *pPropertyGuid);`
 - Get a list of properties (identified by GUIDs) associated with results
- `HRESULT GetPreferredPacketDescription(HRECOGNIZER hrec, PACKET_DESCRIPTION *pPacketDescription);`
 - Get a description of the ink format used by the recognizer
- `HRESULT GetUnicodeRanges(HRECOGNIZER hrec, ULONG *pcRanges, CHARACTER_RANGE *pcr);`
 - Returns a list of all supported Unicode characters

Registry Settings

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\
Microsoft\TPG\Recognizers\CLSID:

- Recognizer Capability Flags
 - Supported modes as returned by GetRecoAttributes
- Recognizer dll
 - Path to the DLL file
- Recognized Languages
 - Supported languages (LCIDs) as returned by GetRecoAttributes

RecoContext Object

All recognition of ink is done in a RecoContext object.

- `HRESULT CreateContext(HRECOGNIZER hrec,
HRECOCONTEXT *phrc)`
 - Create a context for holding recognition settings
- `HRESULT DestroyContext(HRECOCONTEXT hrc)`
 - Clean up after a recognition session
- `HRESULT CloneContext(HRECOCONTEXT hrc,
HRECOCONTEXT *pCloneHrc)`
 - Make a copy of the recognition context. All settings are preserved, but ink and results are discarded.
- `HRESULT ResetContext(HRECOCONTEXT hrc)`
 - Discard ink and results from current context, but keep all settings

RecoContext Settings

- `HRESULT SetGuide(HRECOCONTEXT hrc, const RECO_GUIDE *pGuide, ULONG iIndex)`
 - Gives recognizer segmentation hints with either a lined or boxed writing guide
- `HRESULT SetCACMode(HRECOCONTEXT hrc, int iMode)`
 - For EA recognizers, tells the recognizer whether the input is a partial or complete character
- `HRESULT SetFactoid(HRECOCONTEXT hrc, ULONG cwcFactoid, const WCHAR *pwcFactoid)`
 - Constrains input to be DATE, TIME, DIGIT, etc.
- `HRESULT SetWordList(HRECOCONTEXT hrc, HREWORDLIST hw1)`
 - Sets a list of words, which together with setting the WORDLIST factoid, constrains recognition
- `HRESULT SetFlags(HRECOCONTEXT hrc, DWORD dwFlags)`
 - Segment ink into words? Return multiple segmentations? Enforce factoid strictly?
- `HRESULT SetTextContext(HRECOCONTEXT hrc, ULONG cwcBefore, WCHAR *pwcBefore, ULONG cwcAfter, WCHAR *pwcAfter)`
 - Provides context to recognizer about what characters are before and after the ink being recognized

RecoContext Input

- `HRESULT AddStroke(HRECOCONTEXT hrc,
PACKET_DESCRIPTION *pPacketDesc,
ULONG cbPacket, const BYTE *pPacket,
XFORM *pXForm)`
 - Add ink to context
 - Format of data controlled by packet description
 - Ink is given in digitizer coordinates, given transform maps to “ink space”
- `HRESULT EndInkInput(HRECOCONTEXT hrc)`
 - Tells the recognizer that writing is finished

RecoContext Processing

- `HRESULT AdviseInkChange(HRECOCONTEXT hrc,
 BOOL bNewStroke)`
 - Can be called from another thread to interrupt current work
- `HRESULT Process(HRECOCONTEXT hrc,
 BOOL *pbPartialProcessing)`
 - Do some processing on the ink so far
- `HRESULT GetLatticePtr(HRECOCONTEXT hrc,
 RECO_LATTICE **ppLattice)`
 - Get the result lattice. More on this later.

WordList Object

Word lists are used to implement custom dictionaries. These functions are optional.

- `HRESULT MakeWordList(HRECOGNIZER hrec,
WCHAR *pBuffer, HREWORDLIST *phwl)`
 - Create a word list from a list of words
- `HRESULT DestroyWordList(HREWORDLIST hw1)`
 - Destroy the wordlist
- `HRESULT AddWordsToWordList(HREWORDLIST hw1,
WCHAR *pwcWords)`
 - Add some words to the word list

Lattice Structure

- HRESULT GetLatticePtr(
 HRECOCONTEXT hrc,
 RECO_LATTICE **ppLattice)
- Used to return all results
- RECO_LATTICE contains:
 - RECO_LATTICE_COLUMNS and column count
 - List of result property identifiers that may be present
 - Pointers to best result

RECO_LATTICE_COLUMN

RECO_LATTICE_ELEMENT

- Each column contains:
 - Array of RECO_LATTICE_ELEMENTS
 - Array of strokes used by this column
 - Array of properties and values applying to all elements in the column
- Each element contains:
 - Score (0 is best, higher values worse)
 - String
 - Number of strokes from column used by this element
 - Pointer to next column
 - Array of properties and values for this element only

RECO_LATTICE_PROPERTIES

- RECO_LATTICE_PROPERTIES:
 - Count of properties and values
 - Array of RECO_LATTICE_PROPERTY

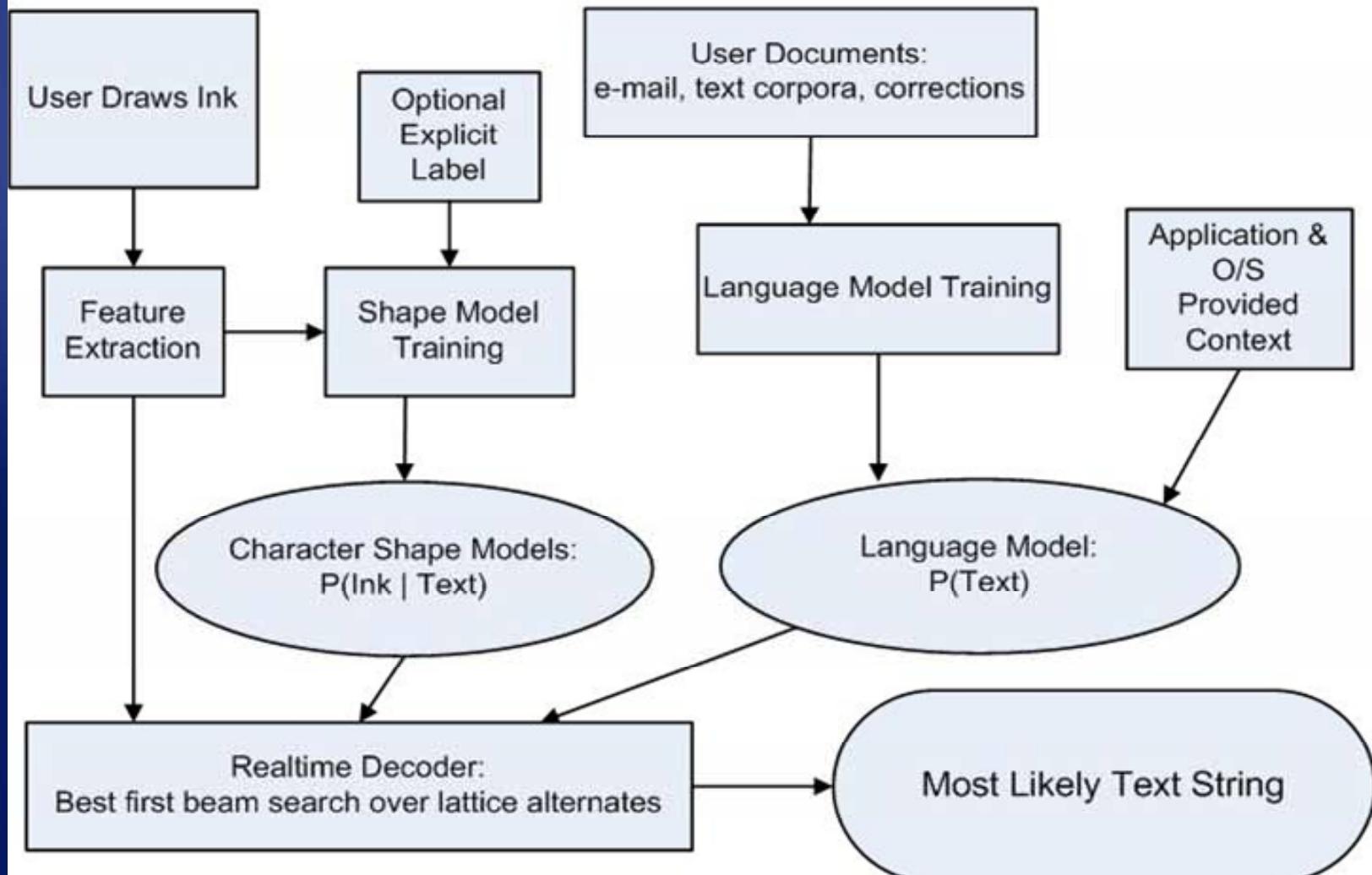
- RECO_LATTICE_PROPERTY:
 - Property identifier GUID
 - Array of bytes containing the value

A Few Standard Properties

- CONFIDENCE_LEVEL
 - High, Medium, or Low
- LINE_NUMBER
 - Line of text this word is on
- LINE_METRICS
 - Location of the baseline or midline
- You can define your own

Reco Architecture Overview

Handwriting Recognition System Components



Questions?

Microsoft®



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